CORRECTION

Open Access

Correction to: Calycosin suppresses TGF- β induced epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition and migration by upregulating BATF2 to target PAI-1 via the Wnt and PI3K/Akt signaling pathways in colorectal cancer cells



Oun Wang^{1,2,3,4*†}, Weijun Lu^{1,2}, Tao Yin^{1,2} and Li Lu^{2,3,4,5*†}

Correction to: J Exp Clin Cancer Res (2019) 38:240 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13046-019-1243-7

In the original publication of this article [1], there is a mistake in Fig. 7. The tags of TGF-beta and calycosin in Western blotting electrophoresis images are reversed.

The corrected Fig. 7 should be:

Author details

¹Department of Hepatopancreatobiliary Surgery, Hubei Cancer Hospital, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China. ²Department of Medical Oncology, Hubei Cancer Hospital, Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China. ³Colorectal Cancer Clinical Research Center of Wuhan, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China. ⁴Colorectal Cancer Clinical Research Center of Hubei Province, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China. ⁵Department of Gastrointestinal Surgery, Hubei Cancer Hospital, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China.

Published online: 05 July 2019

Reference

1. Wang Q, et al. Calycosin suppresses TGF-β-induced epithelial-tomesenchymal transition and migration by upregulating BATF2 to target PAI-1 via the Wnt and PI3K/Akt signaling pathways in colorectal cancer cells. J Exp Clin Cancer Res. 2019;38:240 https://jeccr.biomedcentral.com/ articles/10.1186/s13046-019-1243-7.

* Correspondence: swander@126.com; luli117@163.com

[†]Qun Wang and Li Lu contributed equally to this work.

¹Department of Hepatopancreatobiliary Surgery, Hubei Cancer Hospital, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China

²Department of Medical Oncology, Hubei Cancer Hospital, Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, People's Republic of China

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s), 2019 Open Access This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated.

